

Topic : Straight Line

Type of Questions	M.M., Min.
Single choice Objective ('-1' negative marking) Q.2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9	(3 marks, 3 min.) [18, 18]
Multiple choice objective ('-1' negative marking) Q.8	(5 marks, 4 min.) [5, 4]
Subjective Questions ('-1' negative marking) Q.4,	(4 marks, 5 min.) [4, 5]
Assertion and Reason (no negative marking) Q.1,	(3 marks, 3 min.) [3, 3]
Match the Following (no negative marking) (2 × 4) Q.10	(8 marks, 8 min.) [8, 8]

1. The line $L_1 : y - x = 0$ and $L_2 : 2x + y = 0$ intersect the line $L_3 : y + 2 = 0$ at P and Q respectively. The bisector of the acute angle between L_1 and L_2 intersects L_3 at R.

Statement-1 : The ratio PR : RQ equals $2\sqrt{2} : \sqrt{5}$

Statement-2 : In any triangle, bisector of an angle divides the triangle into two similar triangles.

- (A) Statement-1 is true, Statement-2 is true ; Statement-2 is correct explanation for Statement-1
 (B) Statement-1 is true, Statement-2 is true ; Statement-2 is **not** a correct explanation for Statement-1
 (C) Statement-1 is true, Statement-2 is false
 (D) Statement-1 is false, Statement-2 is true

2. If the straight lines joining the origin and the points of intersection of the curve $5x^2 + 12xy - 6y^2 + 4x - 2y + 3 = 0$ and $x + ky - 1 = 0$ are equally inclined to the co-ordinate axes then the value of k :

- (A) is equal to 1 (B) is equal to -1
 (C) is equal to 2 (D) does not exist in the set of real numbers .

3. Consider points A(3, 4) and B(7, 13). If P be a point on the line $y = x$ such that PA + PB is minimum, then coordinates of P are

- (A) $\left(\frac{12}{7}, \frac{12}{7}\right)$ (B) $\left(\frac{13}{7}, \frac{13}{7}\right)$ (C) $\left(\frac{31}{7}, \frac{31}{7}\right)$ (D) (0, 0)

4. Let the algebraic sum of the perpendicular distance from the points (2, 0), (0, 2) and (1, 1) to a variable straight line be zero, then the line passes through a fixed point whose coordinates are

5. The straight line $x - y - 2 = 0$ cuts the axis of x at A. It is rotated about A in such a manner that it is perpendicular to $ax + by + c = 0$. Its equation is :

- (A) $bx - ay - 2b = 0$ (B) $ax - by - 2a = 0$
 (C) $bx + ay - 2b = 0$ (D) $ax + by + 2a = 0$

6. Chords of the curve $4x^2 + y^2 - x + 4y = 0$ which subtend a right angle at the origin pass through a fixed point whose co-ordinates are :

- (A) $\left(\frac{1}{5}, -\frac{4}{5}\right)$ (B) $\left(-\frac{1}{5}, \frac{4}{5}\right)$ (C) $\left(\frac{1}{5}, \frac{4}{5}\right)$ (D) $\left(-\frac{1}{5}, -\frac{4}{5}\right)$

Answers Key

1. (C) 2. (B) 3. (C) 4. (1, 1)
5. (A) 6. (A) 7. (B)
8. (B)(D) 9. (A)
10. (A) \rightarrow (r), (B) \rightarrow (s), (C) \rightarrow (q), (D) \rightarrow (p)

